Emotional hunger vs physical hunger

“In a Nutshell”

How to recognise and stop emotional eating.

We do not always eat simply to satisfy hunger. We also turn to food for comfort, stress relief, or as a reward. Unfortunately, emotional eating does not fix emotional problems. It usually makes you feel worse. Afterward, not only does the original emotional issue remain, but you also feel guilty for overeating. Learning to recognise your emotional eating triggers is the first step to breaking free from food cravings and compulsive overeating, and changing the habits that have sabotaged your diets in the past.

- Understanding emotional eating
- Emotional hunger vs. physical hunger
- Identify your triggers
- Find other ways to feed your feelings
- Pause when cravings hit
- Support yourself with healthy lifestyle habits

If you have ever made room for dessert even though you are already full or dove into a pint of ice cream when you are feeling down, you have experienced emotional eating. Emotional eating is using food to make yourself feel better - eating to fill emotional needs, rather than to fill your stomach.

Using food from time to time as a pick me up, a reward, or to celebrate is not necessarily a bad thing. But when eating is your primary emotional coping mechanism - when your first impulse is to open the refrigerator whenever you are upset, angry, lonely, stressed, exhausted, or bored – you could get stuck in an unhealthy cycle where the real feeling or problem is never addressed.

Emotional hunger cannot be filled with food. Eating may feel good in the moment, but the feelings that triggered the eating are still there. And you often feel worse than you did before because of the unnecessary calories you consumed. You beat yourself for messing up and not having more willpower. Compounding the problem, you stop learning healthier ways to deal with your emotions, you have a harder and harder time controlling your weight, and you feel increasingly powerless over both food and your feelings.

Are you an emotional eater?

- Do you eat more when you are feeling stressed?
- Do you eat when you are not hungry or when you are full?
- Do you eat to feel better (to calm and soothe yourself when you are sad or mad?)
- Do you reward yourself with food?
- Do you regularly eat until you have stuffed yourself?
- Does food make you feel safe? Do you feel like food is a friend?
- Do you feel powerless or out of control around food?

The difference between emotional hunger and physical hunger.

Before you can break free from the cycle of emotional eating, you first need to learn how to distinguish between emotional and physical hunger. This can be trickier than it sounds, especially if you regularly use food to deal with your feelings.

Emotional hunger can be powerful. As a result, it is easy to mistake it for physical hunger. But there are clues you can look for that can help you tell physical and emotional hunger apart.
Emotional hunger comes on suddenly. It hits you in an instant and feels overwhelming and urgent. Physical hunger, on the other hand, comes on more gradually. The urge to eat does not feel as dire or demand instant satisfaction (unless you have not eaten for a very long time).

Emotional hunger craves specific comfort foods. When you are physically hungry, almost anything sounds good—including healthy stuff like vegetables. But emotional hunger craves fatty foods or sugary snacks that provide an instant rush. You feel like you need cheesecake or pizza, and nothing else will do.

Emotional hunger often leads to mindless eating. Before you know it, you have eaten a whole bag of chips or an entire pint of ice cream without really paying attention or fully enjoying it. When you are eating in response to physical hunger, you are typically more aware of what you are doing.

Emotional hunger is not satisfied once you are full. You keep wanting more and more, often eating until you are uncomfortably stuffed. Physical hunger, on the other hand, does not need to be stuffed. You feel satisfied when your stomach is full.

Emotional hunger is not located in the stomach. Rather than a growling belly or a pang in your stomach, you feel your hunger as a craving you cannot get out of your head. You are focused on specific textures, tastes, and smells.

Emotional hunger often leads to regret, guilt, or shame. When you eat to satisfy physical hunger, you are unlikely to feel guilty or ashamed because you are simply giving your body what it needs. If you feel guilty after you eat, it is likely because you know deep down that you are not eating for nutritional reasons.

Stop emotional eating - Tip 1: Identify your triggers!

People eat for many different reasons. The first step in putting a stop to emotional eating is identifying your personal triggers. What situations, places, or feelings make you reach for the comfort of food?

Keep in mind that while most emotional eating is linked to unpleasant feelings, it can also be triggered by positive emotions, such as rewarding yourself for achieving a goal or celebrating a holiday or happy event.

Common causes of emotional eating:

- **Stress** - ever notice how stress makes you hungry? It is not just in your mind. When stress is chronic, as it so often is in our chaotic, fast-paced world, it leads to high levels of the stress hormone, Cortisol. Cortisol triggers cravings for salty, sweet, and high-fat foods - foods that give you a burst of energy and pleasure. The more uncontrolled stress in your life, the more likely you are to turn to food for emotional relief.

- **Stuffing emotions** - eating can be a way to temporarily silence or "stuff down" uncomfortable emotions, including anger, fear, sadness, anxiety, loneliness, resentment, and shame. While you are numbing yourself with food, you can avoid the emotions you would rather not feel.

- **Boredom or feelings of emptiness** - do you ever eat simply to give yourself something to do, to relieve boredom, or as a way to fill a void in your life? You feel unfulfilled and empty, and food is a way to occupy your mouth and your time. In the moment, it fills you up and distracts you from underlying feelings of purposelessness and dissatisfaction with your life.

- **Childhood habits** - think back to your childhood memories of food. Did your parents reward good behavior with ice cream, take you out for pizza when you got a good report card, or serve you sweets when you were feeling sad? These emotionally-based childhood eating habits often carry over into adulthood. Or perhaps some of your eating is driven by nostalgia—for cherishes memories of grilling burgers in the backyard with your dad, baking and eating cookies with your mom, or gathering around
the table with your extended family for a home-cooked pasta dinner.

- **Social influences** - getting together with other people for a meal is a great way to relieve stress, but it can also lead to overeating. It is easy to overindulge simply because the food is there or because everyone else is eating. You may also overeat in social situations out of nervousness. Or perhaps your family or circle of friends encourages you to overeat, and it is easier to go along with the group.

**Keep an emotional eating diary.**

You probably recognised yourself in at least a few of the previous descriptions. But even so, you will want to get even more specific. One of the best ways to identify the patterns behind your emotional eating is to keep track with a food and mood diary.

Every time you overeat or feel compelled to reach for your version of comfort food Kryptonite, take a moment to figure out what triggered the urge. If you backtrack, you’ll usually find an upsetting event that kicked off the emotional eating cycle.

Write it all down in your food and mood diary: what you ate (or wanted to eat), what happened to upset you, how you felt before you ate, what you felt as you were eating, and how you felt afterward.

Over time, you’ll see a pattern emerge. Maybe you always end up gorging yourself after spending time with a critical friend. Perhaps you stress eat whenever you’re on a tight deadline or when you attend family functions. Once you identify your emotional eating triggers, the next step is identifying healthier ways to feed your feelings.

**Stop emotional eating - Tip 2:**

Find other ways to feed your feelings!

If you do not know how to manage your emotions in a way that does not involve food, you will not be able to control your eating habits for very long. Diets so often fail because they offer logical nutritional advice, as if the only thing keeping you from eating right is knowledge. But that kind of advice only works if you have conscious control over your eating habits. It does not work when emotions hijack the process, demanding an immediate payoff with food.

In order to stop emotional eating, you have to find other ways to fulfill yourself emotionally. It is not enough to understand the cycle of emotional eating or even to understand your triggers, although that is a huge first step. You need alternatives to food that you can turn to for emotional fulfillment.

**Alternatives to emotional eating:**

- If you are depressed or lonely, call someone who always makes you feel better, play with your dog or cat, or look at a favorite photo or cherished memento.

- If you are anxious, expend your nervous energy by dancing to your favorite song, squeezing a stress ball, or taking a brisk walk.

- If you are exhausted, treat yourself with a hot cup of tea, take a bath, light some scented candles, or wrap yourself in a warm blanket.

- If you are bored, read a good book, watch a comedy show, explore the outdoors, or turn to an activity you enjoy (woodworking, playing the guitar, shooting hoops, scrapbooking, etc.).

**Stop emotional eating - Tip 3:**

Pause when cravings hit.

Most emotional eaters feel powerless over their food cravings. When the urge to eat hits, it is all you can think about. You feel an almost unbearable tension that demands to be fed, right now! Because you have tried to resist in the past and failed, you believe that your willpower just is not up to snuff. But the truth is that you have more power over your cravings than you think.
Take 5 before you give in to a craving.

As mentioned earlier, emotional eating tends to be automatic and virtually mindless. Before you even realise what you are doing, you have reached for a tub of ice cream and polished off half of it. But if you can take a moment to pause and reflect when you are hit with a craving, you give yourself the opportunity to make a different decision.

All you have to do is put off eating for five minutes, or if five minutes seems unmanageable, start with one minute. Do not tell yourself you cannot give in to the craving; remember, the forbidden is extremely tempting. Just tell yourself to wait. While you are waiting, check in with yourself. How are you feeling? What is going on emotionally? Even if you end up eating, you will have a better understanding of why you did it. This can help you set yourself up for a different response next time.

Learn to accept your feelings even the bad ones!

While it may seem that the core problem is that you are powerless over food, emotional eating actually stems from feeling powerless over your emotions. You do not feel capable of dealing with your feelings head on, so you avoid them with food.

Allowing yourself to feel uncomfortable emotions can be scary. You may fear that, like Pandora’s box, once you open the door you will not be able to shut it. But the truth is that when we do not obsess over or suppress our emotions, even the most painful and difficult feelings subside relatively quickly and lose their power to control our attention. To do this you need to become mindful and learn how to stay connected to your moment-to-moment emotional experience. This can enable you to rein in stress and repair emotional problems that often trigger emotional eating. What is more, your life will be richer when you open yourself up emotionally. Our feelings are a window into our interior world. They help us understand and discover our deepest desires and fears, our current frustrations, and the things that will make us happy.

Stop emotional eating - Tip 4:

Support yourself with healthy lifestyle habits!

When you are physically strong, relaxed, and well rested, you are better able to handle the curveballs that life inevitably throws your way. But when you are already exhausted and overwhelmed, any little hiccup has the potential to send you off the rails and straight toward the refrigerator. Exercise, sleep, and other healthy lifestyle habits will help you get through difficult times without emotional eating.

- Make daily exercise a priority. Physical activity does wonders for your mood and your energy levels, and it is also a powerful stress reducer.

- Aim for 8 hours of sleep every night. When you do not get the sleep you need, your body craves sugary foods that will give you a quick energy boost. Getting plenty of rest will help with appetite control and reduce food cravings.

- Make time for relaxation. Give yourself permission to take at least 30 minutes every day to relax, decompress, and unwind. This is your time to take a break from your responsibilities and recharge your batteries.

- Connect with others. Do not underestimate the importance of close relationships and social activities. Spending time with positive people who enhance your life will help protect you from the negative effects of stress.